KME-717

Boiler corrosion at lower temperatures – influence of lead, zinc and chlorides

Rikard Norling, Annika Talus

PART OF RISE

KME-717

Boiler corrosion at lower temperatures – influence of lead, zinc and chlorides

Rikard Norling, Annika Talus









Annika Stålenheim Pamela Henderson Mattias Mattsson

Christoph Gruber

Eva-Katrin Lindman

Patrik Yrjas

PART OF RISE





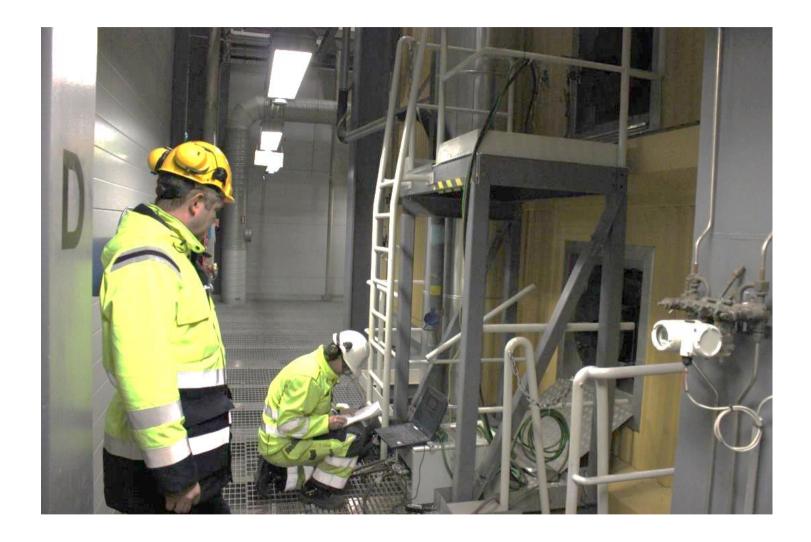
Project goals

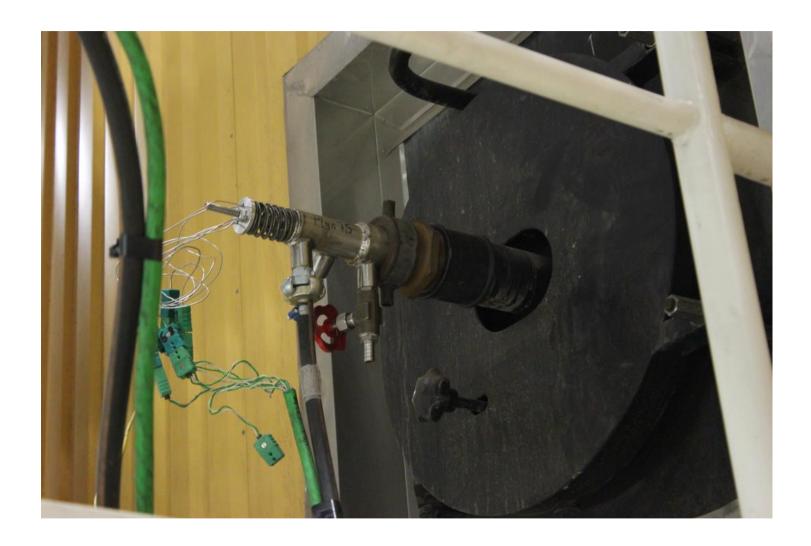
- To find out if lead, zinc and their chlorides causes serious corrosion problems in the temperature range 150-420°C in boilers firing used wood,
 - o and if the attack is worsened by the use of additive that reduce alkali chloride corrosion on superheaters at higher temperatures.
- Based on the knowledge acquired by full-scale probe testing and the results
 of modelling and laboratory testing solutions for minimizing potential
 problems will be suggested.
- To investigate and describe the ongoing corrosion processes and make an attempt to explain the mechanisms behind them to some extent.

Jordbro P7

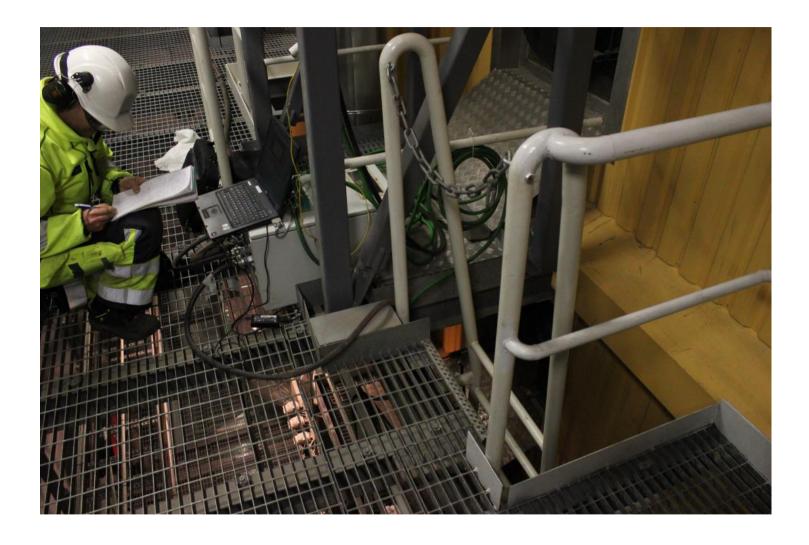
- BFB boiler
- Commissioned 2010
- 63 MW_{th}, 20 MW_{el}
- Steam data: 80 bar, 470°C
- Fuel 100% recycled (waste) wood
- ChlorOut (system with ammonium sulphate additive)









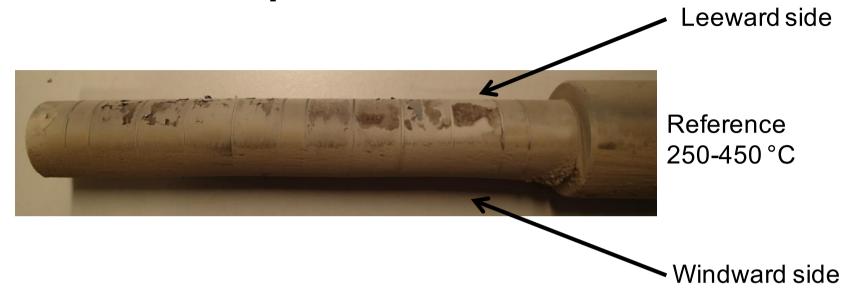








Probes after exposure





ChlorOut 250-450 °C

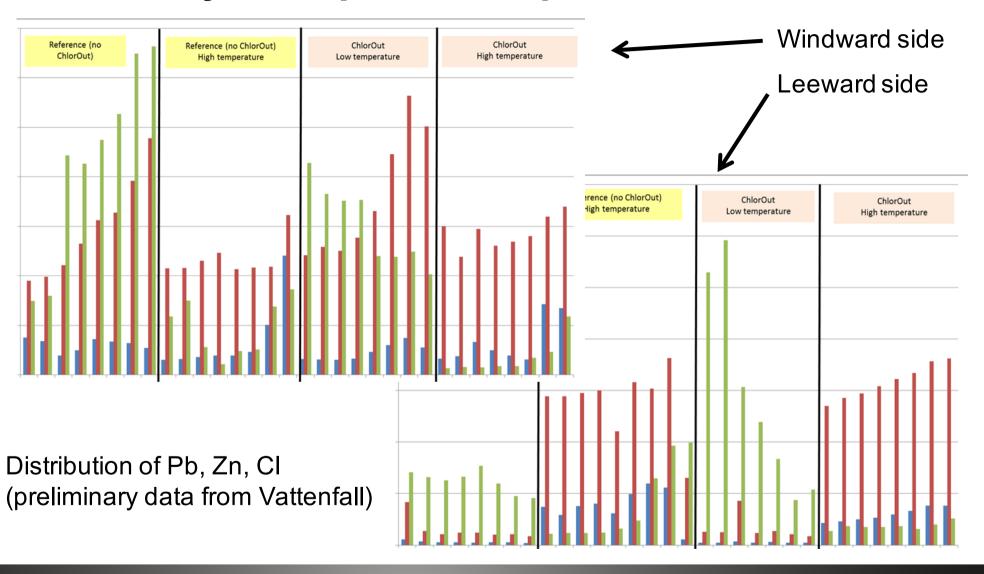






X-ray Fluorescence (XRF) analysis

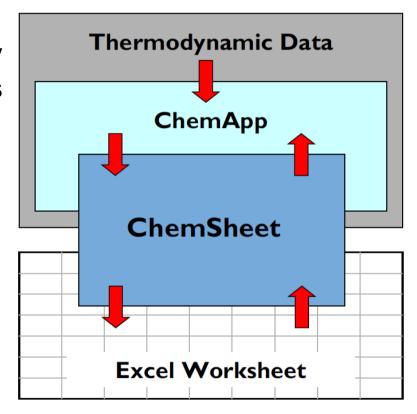
XRF analysis of probe samples



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Chemsheet calculations by Andritz

- Chemsheet works as an add-in program of general thermodynamics in Excel.
- The thermochemical programming library
 ChemApp is used in combination with its application-specific thermochemical data
- ChemSheet is straightforward and requires no programming skills other than normal Excel use
- To the user, the process model can be just one Excel-file
- Andritz has a tailor-made database from Åbo University ("Andritz Melt")



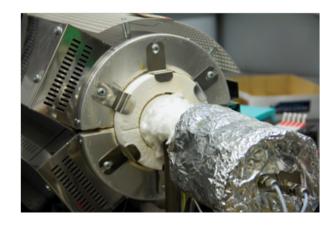
Isothermal corrosion tests at AA







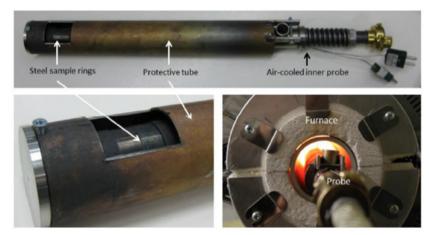


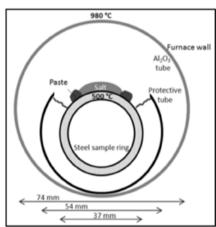




Testing of temperature gradient effect on salt and corrosion at AA

- Steep temperature gradient over superheater and deposit (surface => gas)
- Laboratory simulations





Concluding remarks

- Long term field tests will be made
- Results of the field tests will be correlated to simulation and laboratory test results
- Finally solutions for minimizing potential problems will be suggested



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